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#### **Bond Worksheet Instructions**

DR-157W R. <u>97/20</u> Rule 12B-5.150, F.A.C. Effective <del>97/2</del>0

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Florida law requires you to file one or more surety bonds or other form of security with the Florida Department of Revenue before a terminal supplier, importer, exporter, or pellutant license may be issued. Instead of a surety bond, you may submit an assignment of time deposit, each bond, or an irrevocable letter of credit.

To compute the bond(s) required for your license classification(s), complete the attached bond worksheet and include it with your *Florida Fuel or Pollutants Tax Application* (Form DR-156). If you have questions, please call the Account Management - Fuel Unit at 850-488-6800. or email motor fuel@floridarevenue.com.

Taxpayer Services

#### **Fuel and Pollutant Bond Requirements**

Fuel License Type	Bond Requirement	Background Investigation
- Air Carrier	No	No
Blender	No	Yes
Bio-diesel Manufacturer	Yes	Yes
Exporter	Yes	Yes
Municipality, County, or School District	No	No
Mass Transit	No	No
Petroleum Carrier (Private/Common)	No	Yes
Pollutants <u>Fuel</u> 2030	Yes	Yes
Retailer of Natural Gas (*not effective until 1/1/2024)	Yes*	Yes
Terminal Operator	No	Yes
Terminal Supplier	Yes	Yes
Wholesaler	Yes	Yes
Wholesaler/Importer	Yes	Yes

#### **Worksheet Instructions**

#### Column 1

**Step #1:** Fuel Product Type (COLUMN 1). Identify the table(s) associated with the license type(s) that require a bond or or other security. Identify the fuel type(s) that you will deliver or import into Florida or export out of Florida.

Terminal Suppliers Table A1

**Electronic Funds Transfer** 

Wholesaler With EFT Authority\* No

Import Activity Table A1

With Import Activity Table A1 and Table B

Export Activity Table A1

**Electronic Funds Transfer** 

Wholesaler Without EFT-Authority\*

No Import Activity Table A2

With Import Activity Table A2 and Table B

Export Activity Table A1

Pollutants Table C
Exporters Table A1

# Electronic Funds Transfer (EFT) Authority

\*EFT Authority — Allows wholesalers to withhold payment of tax to a terminal supplier until the 19th day of the following month in which the fuel was purchased.

**Step #2:** Tables A1 and A2 - Terminal Suppliers, Wholesalers, and Exporters: For each fuel type, estimate the average monthly gallons of fuel to be purchased for delivery in Florida or for export.

Table B - Importers: For each fuel type, estimate the average daily gallons of fuel to be purchased for delivery in Florida.

Table C - For each pollutant, estimate the average monthly gallons first removed from storage in Florida or first sold in Florida.

For each type of fuel or pollutant, enter the estimated number of gallons in COLUMN 2 of the applicable Table(s).

Tables A1, A2, B, and C

Step #3: Multiply the estimated gallons from (COLUMN 2) by the tax rate(s) shown in (COLUMN 3). Enter the result in Column 4. (COLUMN 4). Tay rates are published appually in Tay Information Publications posted on the Department's

(COLUMN 4). Tax rates are published annually in Tax Information Publications posted on the Department's website at floridarevenue.com/taxes/tips or floridarevenue.com/taxes/rates.

Step #4: Multiply the result in GOLUMN 4 by the number in GOLUMN 5. Enter the result in GOLUMN 6. This is your bond amount.

**Step #5:** Attach the completed Bond Worksheet to your completed application (Form DR-156).

#### **Bonds and Security**

Form DR-157W

To satisfy bond requirements, you must provide one or more of the following for each bond required.

Fuel or Pollutant Tax Surety Bond (<del>DR-157</del>) (Form DR-157)
Assignment of Time Deposit (<del>DR-157A</del>) (Form DR-157A)
Fuel or Pollutant Tax Cash Bond (<del>DR-157B</del>) (Form DR-157B)

An irrevocable letter of credit may be submitted to the Department of Revenue instead of a surety bond. An irrevocable letter of credit must contain the following:

- The Florida Department of Revenue must be the beneficiary
- The expiration of the letter of credit must automatically be extended without amendment for a one-year period unless otherwise authorized in writing by the Department

If the letter of credit is to cover more than one fuel product type, a cover letter of explanation must be provided.

At least 60 days prior to any expiration or termination of the letter of credit, the bank or savings association must notify the Department of the expiration or termination.

#### **Contact Us**

Information and tutorials are available at floridareveue.com/taxes/education.

Information, forms, and tutorials are available on the Department's website at floridarevenue com-Forms are available at floridarevenue.com/forms.

If you have questions, contact Taxpayer Services at 850-488-6800, Monday through Friday, excluding holidays.

For written replies to tax questions, write:

Taxpayer Services – MS 3-2000 Florida Department of Revenue 5050 W Tennessee St Tallahassee FL 32399-0112 For a written reply to tax questions, email Taxpayer Services at fdortaxpayerservices@floridarevenue.com.

**Subscribe to Receive Updates by Email from the Department**. Subscribe to receive an email for due date reminders, Tax Information Publications, or proposed rules. Subscribe today at **floridarevenue.com/dor/subscribe**.

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## Table A1 Terminal Suppliers, Wholesalers with EFT Authority, and Exporters

Column 1 Product Type	Column 2 Estimated Average Monthly Gallons	Column 3 Tax Rate	Column 4 Tax Due	Column 5 Months	Column 6 Bond Amount
Motor Fuel		*\$	\$	3	(\$300,000 cap) \$
Diesel Fuel			\$	3	(\$300,000 cap) \$
Aviation Fuel			\$	3	-(\$300,000 cap) -\$

<sup>\*</sup> For a Single County: To calculate the Tax Due (Column 4), multiply the estimated average monthly gallons (Column 2) by the "Total Tax Imposed" (Exhibit B of the most current rate TIP) in the county where the product will be sold.

For Multiple Counties: Calculate the Tax Due (Column 4) using one of two methods:

- In Column 3, enter , the average tax imposed. Multiply the estimated average monthly gallons (Column 2) by
- For each county where the product will be sold, multiply the estimated average monthly gallons (Column 2) by the "Total Tax Imposed" (Exhibit B of the most current rate TIP) for that county to calculate the tax due. Total the tax due for each county and enter the total tax due for all counties in Column 4.

## Table A2 **Wholesalers Without EFT Authority**

Column 1	Column 2 Estimated Average Monthly Gallons	Column 3	Column 4	Column 5	Column 6
Product Type		Tax Rate	Tax Due	Months	Bond Amount
Motor Fuel		**\$	\$	3	(\$300,000 cap) \$

Calculate the Tax Due (Column 4) using one of two methods:

Minimum" rate for each county.

- In Column 3, enter , the average local option tax above the minimum. Multiply the estimated average monthly gallons (Column 2) by to calculate the Tax Due (Column 4); or,
- For each county where the product will be sold, multiply the estimated average monthly gallons by the local option tax above the minimum (Exhibit B of the most current rate TIP) for that county to calculate the tax due. Total the tax due for each county and enter the total tax due for all counties in Column 4.

# Table B **Supplemental Bond for Importer License**

Column 1 Product Type	Column 2 Estimated Average Daily Gallons	Column 3 Tax Rate	Column 4 Tax Due	Column 5 Days	Column 6 Bond Amount
Motor Fuel		***\$	\$	60	\$
Diesel Fuel			\$	60	\$
-Aviation Fuel			\$	60—	-\$
Total Imported				<u>both</u>	Total Importer Bond for all 3 fuel types (No \$300,000 cap) \$

<sup>\*\*\*</sup> For a Single County: To calculate the Tax Due (Column 4), multiply the estimated average daily gallons (Column 2) by the "Total Tax Imposed" (Exhibit B of the most current rate TIP) in the county where the product will be sold.

For Multiple Counties: Calculate the Tax Due (Column 4) using one of two methods:

- In Column 3, enter , the average tax imposed. Multiply the estimated average daily gallons (Column 2) by to calculate the Tax Due (Column 4): or.
- For each county where the product will be sold, multiply the estimated daily gallons (Column 2) by the "Total Tax Imposed" (Exhibit B of the most current rate TIP) for that county to calculate the tax due. Total the tax due for each county and enter the total tax due for all counties in Column 4.

# Table C Pollutants

Total Subject to Pollutants Tax	Ammonia	Solvents	Motor Oil and other Lubricants	Perchloroethylene	Crude Oil	#6	Petrochemicals, and Residual Oils #5 and	Asphalt Oil, Chlorine, Pesticides,	Pollutants	Gasohol, and other	Diesel, Gasoline,			Product Type	Column 1
			ier	Ф			and	les,		er —			_		
													Monthly Gallons	Estimated Average	Column 2
	0.000476				0.000476	0.000476			0.000476			Tax Rate	Protection	Coastal	
	0.000476	0.059	0.025	5.00		0.00119			0.00119				Tax Rate	Water Quality	Col
									0.019048			Rate	Protection Tax	Inland	Column 3
	\$0.000952	\$0.059	\$0.025	\$5.00	\$0.000476	\$0.001666			\$0.020714				Tax Rate	Total	
↔	\$	↔	↔	\$	↔	\$			\$					Tax Due	Column 4
ы	3	3	3	ы	3	З			3					Months	Column 5
Total Pollutant Bond (\$300,000 cap) \$	\$	\$	↔	\$	\$	\$			\$					Bond Amount	Column 6

See Rule 12B-5.400, F.A.C., Producers and Importers of Pollutants, and Form DR-904, Pollutants Tax Return, for definitions of pollutants subject to tax.

Note: Statutory rates for pollutants based upon barrels have been converted to a rate per gallon.

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The following documents are incorporated by reference in the rules indicated below. The forms are available online at **floridarevenue.com/forms**.

Rule 12B-5.150, F.A.C.	Pollutants Tax Return	Form DR-904
Rule 12B-5.150, F.A.C.	Fuel or Pollutants Tax Cash Bond	Form DR-157B
Rule 12B-5.150, F.A.C.	Assignment of Time Deposit	Form DR-157A
Rule 12B-5.150, F.A.C.	Fuel or Pollutants Tax Surety Bond	Form DR-157
Rule 12B-5.150, F.A.C.	Florida Fuel or Pollutants Tax Application	Form DR-156