

Florida Communications DR-700016 R. 01/22 Page 1 of 24 Services Tax Return

		Name Address City/State/ZIP		
		Check here if you a	re discontinuing you al return (see page 1	
		landwritten Example 23456789 Use blac	ck ink.	89
M M D D Y Y Y M M D D 1. Tax due on sales subject to 4.92% state and .15% g		US Dollars		Cents
 of communications services tax (from Summary of S 2. Tax due on sales subject to 2.37% gross receipts por communications services tax (from Summary of Sch 	ortion of			
 Tax due on sales subject to local portion of commun services tax (from Summary of Schedule I, Line 7) 	nications			
4. Tax due for direct-to-home satellite services (from S	Schedule II, Column C) 4.			
5. Total communications services tax (add Lines 1 thro	bugh 4)5.			
6. Collection allowance. Rate:				
7. Net communications services tax due (subtract Line				
8. Penalty				
 Interest Adjustments (from Schedule III, Column G and/or Schedule IV, Column U) 		 [[] [] [] [] [] [] [] [] [] [] [] [] [
11. Multistate credits (from Schedule V)				
12. Amount due with return],,		
AUTHORIZATION Under penalties of perjury, I declare that I have read the	nis return and that the facts stated in it are t	true [ss. 92.525(2), 202.27(5), ε	and 837.06, Florida Stat	utes].
Type or print name	Authorized signature		Date	
Preparer (type or print name)	Preparer's signature		Date	
Contact name (type or print name)	Contact phone number	Contact email ac	Idress	
Payment Coupon	DO NOT DETACH to your account, attach your	check to this		DR-700016 R. 01/2
	ail with tax return and <u>all</u> s			-
Business Partner Number Reporting Period	Check here if yo	our address or business in	postmark or hand del	ivery date
Business Address DR-7000	changed and en	ter changes below. SS:		
	Telephone number: New mailing addres	() SS:		
Check here if payment was transmitted electronically.	Amount due			
Payment is due on the 1 st and LATE		ا ل ا لاول ا ل ا	لــــا لــــا لـــاولــــ	

if postmarked or hand delivered after



Where to send payments and returns

Make check payable to and send with return to: FLORIDA DEPARTMENT OF REVENUE PO BOX 6520 TALLAHASSEE FL 32314-6520 or File online using the Department's website at **floridarevenue.com/taxes/filepay**.

File electronically . . . it's easy!

The Department maintains a free and secure website to file and pay communications services tax. To file and pay, go to the Department's website at **floridarevenue.com/taxes/filepay**.



Business name			Business partner number	
A. Local jurisdiction	B. Taxable sales subject to 4.92% state tax and .15% gross receipts tax	C. Taxable sales subject to 2.37% gross receipts tax and local tax	D. Local tax rate	E. Local tax due
ALACHUA				•
Unincorporated area			0.0750	
Alachua			0.0582	
Archer			0.0582	
Gainesville			0.0617	
Hawthorne			0.0582	
High Springs			0.0582	
La Crosse			0.0402	
Micanopy			0.0570	
Newberry			0.0582	
Waldo			0.0582	
BAKER				·
Unincorporated area			0.0234	
Glen St. Mary			0.0580	
Macclenny			0.0652	
BAY				<u> </u>
Unincorporated area			0.0234	
Callaway	-		0.0572	
Lynn Haven	-		0.0572	
Mexico Beach	-		0.0338	
Panama City	—		0.0572	
Panama City Beach	—		0.0572	
Parker	—		0.0572	
Springfield	—		0.0572	
BRADFORD			0.0012	
Unincorporated area			0.0124	
Brooker	-		0.0360	
Hampton	_		0.0280	
Lawtey	_		0.0170	
Starke	-		0.0582	
BREVARD			0.0002	
Unincorporated area			0.0582	
Cape Canaveral			0.0582	
Cocoa			0.0582	
Cocoa Beach			0.0582	
Grant-Valkaria			0.0582	
Indialantic			0.0582	
Indian Harbour Beach			0.0582	
Malabar			0.0582	
Malapar Melbourne			0.0653	
Melbourne Melbourne Beach			0.0553	
			0.0582	
Melbourne Village				
Palm Bay			0.0582	
Palm Shores			0.0582	
Rockledge			0.0582	
Satellite Beach			0.0582	
Titusville			0.0582	
West Melbourne			0.0612	
PAGE TOTAL				



Business name			Business partner number	
A. Local jurisdiction	B. Taxable sales subject to 4.92% state tax and .15% gross receipts tax	C. Taxable sales subject to 2.37% gross receipts tax and local tax	D. Local tax rate	E. Local tax due
BROWARD				
Unincorporated area			0.0572	
Coconut Creek			0.0572	
Cooper City			0.0572	
Coral Springs			0.0572	
Dania Beach			0.0582	
Davie			0.0570	
Deerfield Beach			0.0572	
Fort Lauderdale			0.0572	
Hallandale Beach			0.0572	
Hillsboro Beach			0.0170	
Hollywood			0.0572	
Lauderdale Lakes			0.0582	
Lauderdale-by-the-Sea			0.0572	
Lauderhill			0.0572	
Lazy Lake			0.0110	
Lighthouse Point			0.0672	
Margate			0.0582	
Miramar			0.0572	
North Lauderdale			0.0572	
Oakland Park			0.0592	
Parkland			0.0572	
Pembroke Park			0.0572	
Pembroke Pines			0.0592	
Plantation			0.0572	
Pompano Beach			0.0572	
Sea Ranch Lakes			0.0572	
Southwest Ranches			0.0572	
Sunrise			0.0572	
Tamarac			0.0572	
West Park			0.0572	
Weston			0.0572	
Wilton Manors			0.0612	
CALHOUN				
Unincorporated area			0.0264	
Altha			0.0602	
Blountstown			0.0602	
CHARLOTTE				
Unincorporated area			0.0582	
Punta Gorda			0.0582	
CITRUS				
Unincorporated area			0.0224	
Crystal River			0.0522	
Inverness			0.0532	
PAGE TOTAL				



		Business partner number	
 B. Taxable sales subject to 4.92% state tax and .15% gross receipts tax 	C. Taxable sales subject to 2.37% gross receipts tax and local tax	D. Local tax rate	E. Local tax due
		0.0672	
		0.0602	
		0.0602	
		0.0602	
		0.0602	
		0.0280	
		0.0460	
		0.0280	
		0.0592	
		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
		0.0582	
		0.0120	
		0.0582	
		<u> </u>	
		0.0314	
		0.0602	
		<u> </u>	
		0.0234	
		0.0300	
		0.0670	
		<u> </u>	
		0.0602	
		0.0702	
		0.0602	
		0.0602	
		0.0602	
		0.0274	
		0.0300	
		0.0254	
		0.0150	
		0.0420	
		0.0 /20	
		0.0642	
	to 4.92% state tax and	to 4.92% state tax and to 2.37% gross receipts	to 4.92% state tax and .15% gross receipts tax D. Local tax rate Itax and local tax 0.0672 Itax and local tax 0.0602 Itax and local tax 0.0280 Itax and local tax 0.0582 Itax and local tax 0.0582 Itax and local tax 0.0582 Itax and local tax 0.0602 Itax and



Business name			Business partner number	
A. Local jurisdiction	B. Taxable sales subject to 4.92% state tax and .15% gross receipts tax	C. Taxable sales subject to 2.37% gross receipts tax and local tax	D. Local tax rate	E. Local tax due
GADSDEN				
Unincorporated area			0.0264	
Chattahoochee			0.0602	
Greensboro			0.0592	
Gretna			0.0482	
Havana			0.0602	
Midway			0.0450	
Quincy			0.0602	
GILCHRIST				
Unincorporated area			0.0234	
Bell			0.0500	
Fanning Springs			0.0612	
Trenton			0.0572	
GLADES				
Unincorporated area			0.0244	
Moore Haven			0.0180	
GULF				
Unincorporated area			0.0234	
Port St. Joe			0.0572	
Wewahitchka			0.0572	
HAMILTON				
Unincorporated area			0.0090	
Jasper			0.0540	
Jennings			0.0570	
White Springs			0.0560	
HARDEE				
Unincorporated area			0.0184	
Bowling Green			0.0560	
Wauchula			0.0560	
Zolfo Springs			0.0282	
HENDRY				
Unincorporated area			0.0244	
Clewiston			0.0582	
La Belle			0.0482	
HERNANDO				
Unincorporated area			0.0214	
Brooksville			0.0552	
HIGHLANDS				
Unincorporated area			0.0274	
Avon Park			0.0612	
Lake Placid			0.0612	
Sebring			0.0612	
PAGE TOTAL				



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Business name			Business partner number	
A. Local jurisdiction	B. Taxable sales subject to 4.92% state tax and .15% gross receipts tax	C. Taxable sales subject to 2.37% gross receipts tax and local tax	D. Local tax rate	E. Local tax due
HILLSBOROUGH				
Unincorporated area			0.0480	
Plant City			0.0652	
Tampa			0.0602	
Temple Terrace			0.0620	
HOLMES				
Unincorporated area			0.0264	
Bonifay			0.0662	
Esto			0.0160	
Noma	_		0.0090	
Ponce De Leon			0.0350	
Westville			0.0170	
INDIAN RIVER				
Unincorporated area			0.0244	
Fellsmere			0.0582	
Indian River Shores	—		0.0582	
Orchid			0.0270	
Sebastian	_		0.0582	
Vero Beach			0.0572	
JACKSON			0.0012	
Unincorporated area			0.0254	
Alford			0.0220	
Bascom			0.0202	
Campbellton	-		0.0592	
Cottondale	_		0.0592	
Graceville	_		0.0592	
	_		0.0592	
Grand Ridge Greenwood	_			
	_		0.0592	
Jacob City	_		0.0592	
Malone	_		0.0592	
Marianna			0.0592	
Sneads			0.0592	
JEFFERSON			0.0404	
Unincorporated area			0.0164	
Monticello			0.0500	
Unincorporated area	_		0.0234	
Mayo			0.0250	
LAKE				
Unincorporated area			0.0254	
Astatula			0.0500	
Clermont			0.0582	
Eustis			0.0582	
Fruitland Park			0.0582	
Groveland			0.0582	
Howey-in-the-Hills			0.0582	
Lady Lake			0.0582	
PAGE TOTAL				



Business name		Business partner number		
A. Local jurisdiction	B. Taxable sales subject to 4.92% state tax and .15% gross receipts tax	C. Taxable sales subject to 2.37% gross receipts tax and local tax	D. Local tax rate	E. Local tax due
LAKE - continued				
Leesburg			0.0582	
Mascotte			0.0582	
Minneola			0.0582	
Montverde			0.0570	
Mount Dora			0.0582	
Tavares			0.0592	
Umatilla			0.0582	
LEE		<u> </u>		I
Unincorporated area			0.0391	
Bonita Springs			0.0391	
Cape Coral			0.0552	
Estero			0.0391	
Fort Myers			0.0552	
Fort Myers Beach			0.0552	
Sanibel			0.0552	
LEON				<u> </u>
Unincorporated area			0.0602	
Tallahassee			0.0690	
LEVY				<u> </u>
Unincorporated area			0.0234	
Bronson			0.0300	
Cedar Key			0.0260	
Chiefland			0.0572	
Fanning Springs			0.0612	
Inglis			0.0572	
Otter Creek			0.0120	
Williston			0.0572	
Yankeetown			0.0572	
			0.0022	
			0.0140	
Unincorporated area			0.0140	
Bristol			0.0602	
			0.0004	
Unincorporated area			0.0264	
Greenville			0.0542	
Lee			0.0602	
Madison			0.0602	
MANATEE			0.0044	
Unincorporated area			0.0244	
Anna Maria			0.0582	
Bradenton			0.0632	
Bradenton Beach			0.0632	
Holmes Beach			0.0582	
Longboat Key			0.0582	
Palmetto			0.0602	1



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A. Local jurisdiction	B. Taxable sales subject to 4.92% state tax and .15% gross receipts tax	C. Taxable sales subject to 2.37% gross receipts tax and local tax	D. Local tax rate	E. Local tax due
MARION				
Unincorporated area			0.02235	
Belleview			0.0562	
Dunnellon			0.0572	
McIntosh			0.0572	
Ocala			0.0572	
Reddick			0.0180	
MARTIN			<u>I</u>	I
Unincorporated area			0.0214	
Indiantown	-		0.0552	
Jupiter Island	-		0.0552	
Ocean Breeze			0.0250	
Sewalls Point			0.0342	
Stuart			0.0552	
MIAMI-DADE			0.0002	<u> </u>
Unincorporated area			0.0572	
Aventura			0.0570	
Bal Harbour Village			0.0570	
Bay Harbor Islands			0.0572	
	-		0.0572	
Biscayne Park				
Coral Gables			0.0572	
Cutler Bay			0.0572	
Doral			0.0572	
El Portal			0.0610	
Florida City			0.0592	
Golden Beach			0.0262	
Hialeah			0.0637	
Hialeah Gardens			0.0572	
Homestead			0.0592	
Indian Creek Village			0.0120	
Key Biscayne			0.0572	
Medley			0.0672	
Miami			0.0572	
Miami Beach			0.0572	
Miami Gardens			0.0572	
Miami Lakes			0.0572	
Miami Shores Village			0.0622	
Miami Springs			0.0572	
North Bay Village			0.0540	
North Miami			0.0572	
North Miami Beach			0.0572	
Opa-locka			0.0572	
Palmetto Bay			0.0572	
Pinecrest			0.0602	
South Miami			0.0572	
Sunny Isles Beach			0.0572	
Surfside			0.0572	
			1	



Business name			Business partner number	
A. Local jurisdiction	B. Taxable sales subject to 4.92% state tax and .15% gross receipts tax	C. Taxable sales subject to 2.37% gross receipts tax and local tax	D. Local tax rate	E. Local tax due
MIAMI-DADE - continued				1
Sweetwater			0.0572	
Virginia Gardens			0.0572	
West Miami			0.0572	
MONROE				
Unincorporated area			0.0254	
Islamorada			0.0612	
Key Colony Beach			0.0600	
Key West	-		0.0612	
Layton			0.0090	
Marathon	_		0.0612	
NASSAU			0.0012	
Unincorporated area			0.0244	
Callahan			0.0510	
Fernandina Beach			0.0572	
Hilliard			0.0582	
OKALOOSA			0.0302	<u> </u>
Unincorporated area			0.0290	
			0.0572	
Cinco Bayou Crestview			0.0572	
Destin			0.0582	
Fort Walton Beach			0.0622	
Laurel Hill			0.0340	
Mary Esther			0.0562	
Niceville			0.0610	
Shalimar			0.0560	
Valparaiso			0.0582	
OKEECHOBEE				
Unincorporated area			0.0140	
Okeechobee			0.0570	
ORANGE				
Unincorporated area			0.0528	
Apopka			0.0642	
Bay Lake			0.0030	
Belle Isle			0.0552	
Eatonville			0.0552	
Edgewood			0.0552	
Lake Buena Vista			0.0030	
Maitland			0.0552	
Oakland			0.0552	
Ocoee			0.0552	
Orlando			0.0552	
Windermere			0.0552	
Winter Garden			0.0552	
Winter Park			0.0602	
OSCEOLA				
Unincorporated area			0.0602	
Kissimmee			0.0602	
St. Cloud			0.0590	



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A. Local jurisdiction	B. Taxable sales subject to 4.92% state tax and .15% gross receipts tax	C. Taxable sales subject to 2.37% gross receipts tax and local tax	D. Local tax rate	E. Local tax due
PALM BEACH				
Unincorporated area			0.0632	
Atlantis			0.0570	
Belle Glade			0.0572	
Boca Raton	_		0.0602	
Boynton Beach			0.0582	
Briny Breezes			0.0582	
Cloud Lake	_		0.0292	
Delray Beach	_		0.0582	
Glen Ridge	_		0.0582	
Golf	-		0.0582	
Greenacres			0.0704	
Gulf Stream			0.0582	
Haverhill			0.0320	
Highland Beach			0.0582	
Hypoluxo			0.0652	
Juno Beach			0.0582	
Jupiter			0.0582	
Jupiter Inlet Colony			0.0582	
Lake Clarke Shores	—		0.0582	
Lake Park	—		0.0592	
Lake Worth	-		0.0582	
Lantana	-		0.0602	
Loxahatchee Groves	-		0.0582	
Manalapan	-		0.0220	
Mangonia Park	-		0.0622	
North Palm Beach	-		0.0582	
Ocean Ridge	-		0.0260	
Pahokee	-		0.0582	
Palm Beach			0.0582	
Palm Beach Gardens	-		0.0410	
Palm Beach Shores	-		0.0612	
Palm Springs			0.0592	
Riviera Beach			0.0582	
Royal Palm Beach			0.0582	
South Bay			0.0570	
South Palm Beach			0.0620	
Tequesta			0.0582	
Wellington			0.0582	
Westlake			0.0582	
West Palm Beach			0.0602	
PASCO			0.0002	
Unincorporated area			0.0244	
Dade Clty			0.0582	
New Port Richey			0.0622	
Port Richey			0.0570	
San Antonio			0.0140	
St. Leo			0.0582	
Zephyrhills			0.0612	
			0.0012	
PAGE TOTAL				



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PINELLAS				
Jnincorporated area			0.0582	
Belleair	-		0.0582	
Belleair Beach	-		0.0660	
Belleair Bluffs	_		0.0582	
Belleair Shore			0.0300	
Clearwater			0.0572	
Dunedin			0.0592	
Gulfport			0.0672	
Indian Rocks Beach			0.0290	
Indian Shores			0.0582	
Kenneth City			0.0570	
Largo			0.0622	
Madeira Beach			0.0632	
North Redington Beach			0.0572	
Oldsmar			0.0642	
Pinellas Park			0.0600	
Redington Beach			0.0600	
Redington Shores			0.0582	
Safety Harbor			0.0712	
Seminole			0.0582	
South Pasadena			0.0632	
St. Petersburg			0.0622	
St. Pete Beach			0.0630	
Tarpon Springs			0.0632	
Treasure Island			0.0582	
POLK				
Unincorporated area			0.0582	
Auburndale			0.0582	
Bartow			0.0672	
Davenport			0.0412	
Dundee			0.0632	
Eagle Lake			0.0602	
Fort Meade			0.0592	
Frostproof			0.0592	
Haines City			0.0582	
Highland Park			0.0060	
Hillcrest Heights			0.0170	
Lake Alfred			0.0582	
Lake Hamilton			0.0432	
Lake Wales			0.0582	
Lakeland			0.0703	
Mulberry			0.0582	
Polk City			0.0582	
Winter Haven			0.0692	
PAGE TOTAL				



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PUTNAM				
Unincorporated area			0.0244	
Crescent City			0.0570	
Interlachen			0.0582	
Palatka			0.0582	
Pomona Park	_		0.0582	
Welaka			0.0582	
ST. JOHNS				
Unincorporated area			0.0214	
Marineland			0.0070	
St. Augustine			0.0552	
St. Augustine Beach			0.0552	
ST. LUCIE				
Unincorporated area			0.0244	
Fort Pierce			0.0582	
Port St. Lucie			0.0582	
St. Lucie Village			0.0220	
SANTA ROSA			<u> </u>	
Unincorporated area			0.0218	
Gulf Breeze	-		0.0582	
Jay	-		0.0570	
Milton	-		0.0642	
SARASOTA				
Unincorporated area			0.0542	
Longboat Key	-		0.0582	
North Port	-		0.0632	
Sarasota	-		0.0592	
Venice	-		0.0582	
SEMINOLE				
Unincorporated area			0.0572	
Altamonte Springs			0.0654	
Casselberry			0.0602	
Lake Mary			0.0582	
Longwood			0.0612	
Oviedo			0.0616	
Sanford			0.0760	
Winter Springs			0.0652	<u> </u>
SUMTER			0.0002	
Unincorporated area			0.0234	
Bushnell			0.0562	
Center Hill			0.0572	
Coleman			0.0572	
Webster			0.0572	
	_		0.0572	
Wildwood				



Business name			Business partner number	
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SUWANNEE			<u> </u>	
Unincorporated area			0.0244	
Branford	-		0.0520	
Live Oak	-		0.0620	
TAYLOR			<u> </u>	
Unincorporated area			0.0244	
Perry	-		0.0622	
UNION				
Unincorporated area			0.0234	
Lake Butler	-		0.0560	
Raiford	_		0.0572	
Worthington Springs	—		0.0550	
VOLUSIA			0.0000	
Unincorporated area			0.0552	
Daytona Beach			0.0552	
Daytona Beach Shores			0.0552	
DeBary	-		0.0552	
Debaiy	-		0.0552	
Deltona			0.0652	
Edgewater			0.0552	
Flagler Beach			0.0540	
Holly Hill	-		0.0552	
Lake Helen	-		0.0552	
New Smyrna Beach	-		0.0552	
Oak Hill	_		0.0552	
Orange City	_		0.0552	
Ormond Beach	_		0.0552	
Pierson	_		0.0532	
Ponce Inlet	_		0.0540	
	_		0.0572	
Port Orange	_			
South Daytona			0.0602	
WAKULLA			0.0500	
Unincorporated area	_		0.0582	
Sopchoppy	_		0.0180	
St. Marks			0.0570	
WALTON			0.0400	
Unincorporated area			0.0130	
DeFuniak Springs			0.0542	
Freeport			0.0190	
Paxton			0.0320	
WASHINGTON				
Unincorporated area			0.0264	
Caryville			0.0602	
Chipley			0.0622	
Ebro			0.0140	
Vernon			0.0620	
Wausau			0.0602	
PAGE TOTAL				
GRAND TOTAL (carry forward to next page)				



If you complete Schedule I, then you must also complete Summary of Schedule I. Attach the schedule, summary, and all other supporting schedules to the tax return.

Summary of Schedule I - State, Gross Receipts, and Local Taxes Due Business partner number Business name F. G. Η. 4.92% State Tax and 2.37% Gross Receipts Tax Local Tax .15% Gross Receipts Tax 1. Taxable sales 4. Taxable sales (Col. C grand (Col. B grand total) total) 2. State tax rate 5. Gross receipts (.0492) and .0507 .0237 gross receipts tax rate (.0237) tax rate (.0015) 3. State 4.92% 7. Local tax due plus .15% 6. Gross receipts (Column E grand gross receipts tax due (Enter total). (Enter tax due (Enter this amount on this amount on this amount on Page 1, Line 2) Page 1, Line 3) Page 1, Line 1)



Direct-to-home satellite service providers must complete Schedule II (and Schedule III, if needed) and attach to the tax return.

Schedule	e II - Direct-to-Home Satellite	Services
Business name		Business partner number
A. Taxable Sales	B. 11.44% Tax Rate	C. Net Tax Due Enter this amount on Page 1, Line 4.
	.1144	

S	chedule III - Di	rect-to-Home \$	Satellite Servio	ces Adjustmen	ts	
Business name		Reporting period (Use last day of reporting per	riod in MM/DD/YY format)	Business partner number		
A. Change in Reported Taxable Sales	B. Rate	C. Collection Allowance Adjustment	D. Adjustment Amount (Report credits in parentheses)	E. Penalty	F. Interest	
G. TOTAL ADJUSTMENTS (Add Columns D, E, and F. Enter this amount on Page 1, Line 10)						

				Sche	Schedule IV - Adjustments	Adjustm	ents					
Business name				Reporting perio (Use last day of n	Reporting period (Use last day of reporting period in MM/DD/YY format)	IM/DD/YY format)			Business partner number	rtner number		
		State Tax		Calculation			Loca	Тах Са	Local Tax Calculation		Penalty and Interest	d Interest
A. Local Jurisdiction	B. Change in Reported Taxable Sales	C. Rate	-/+	D. Collection Allowance Adjustment	E. Adjustment Amount (Report credits in parentheses)	F. Change in Reported Taxable Sales	G. Rate	-/+	H. Collection Allowance Adjustment	I. Adjustment Amount (Report credits in parentheses)	J. Penalty	K. Interest
COUNTY:												
Unincorporated Area:												
CITY:												
CITY:												
CITY:												
COUNTY:												
Unincorporated Area:												
CITY:												
CITY:												
CITY:												
COUNTY:												
Unincorporated Area:												
CITY:												
CITY:												
CITY:												
COUNTY:												
Unincorporated Area:												
CITY:												
CITY:												
CITY:												
TOTAL:												
Gross Receipts Calculation	L. Change In Reported Taxable Sales (See Instructions)		M. Rate	-/+	N. Collection Allowance Adjustment (See Instructions)		O. Adjustment Amount (Report credits in parentheses)	ment nt dits in	<u>a</u> :	P. Penalty	Ö Ö	Q. Interest
		$\left \right $										
		let Tax Adi	ustments	+	S. Penaltv	altv	+		T. Interest		U. Total Adjustments (Add Cols. R.S. and T. Enter this	stments 1 T. Enter this
Penalty and Interest Calculation		(Add Cols. E, I and O)	I and O)		(Add Cols. J and P)	J and P)	•	(Add	(Add Cols. K and Q)		amount on Page 1, Line 10.) (Report credits in parentheses)	1, Line 10.) arentheses)

If you complete Schedule IV, attach it to the tax return. See Instructions for completing this Schedule.



		Schedule V	- Multistate	Credits		
Business name					Business partner nu	mber
	Applied	d Period	Local Tax Credits	State Tax Credits	Gross Receipts Credits	Direct-to-Home Satellite
A. Local Jurisdiction	B. Beginning Date (MMDDYYYY)	C. Ending Date (MMDDYYYY)	D. Multistate Credits	E. Multistate Credits	F. Multistate Credits	G. Multistate Credits
COUNTY:						
Unincorporated Area:						
CITY:						
CITY:						
CITY:						
COUNTY:						
Unincorporated Area:						
CITY:						
CITY:						
CITY:						
COUNTY:						
Unincorporated Area:						
CITY:						
CITY:						
CITY:						
COUNTY:						
Unincorporated Area:						
CITY:						
CITY:						
CITY:						
COUNTY:						
Unincorporated Area:						
CITY:						
CITY:						
CITY:						
COUNTY:						
Unincorporated Area:						
CITY:						
CITY:						
CITY:						
COLUMN TOTALS:						
H. TOTAL CREDITS: (Ad	ld totals of Columns I) through G. Enter this	s amount on Page 1, L	.ine 11.)		

General Information and Instructions

Who must file a return?

All registered dealers of communications services must file a *Florida Communications Services Tax Return* (Form DR-700016).

What is the communications services tax?

Communications services tax is imposed on voice, data, audio, video, or any other information or signal transmitted by any medium. The tax includes:

- a state portion imposed by section (s.) 202.12, Florida Statutes (F.S.);
- a gross receipts portion imposed by s. 203.01, F.S., but collected and administered under Chapter 202, F.S.; and
- a local portion imposed by s. 202.19, F.S.

Services subject to tax

Examples of services subject to the tax include:

- Local, long distance, and toll telephone
- Voice over Internet Protocol (VoIP) telephone
- Video service (e.g., television programming and streaming)
- Direct-to-home satellite
- Mobile communications
- Private communications
- Pager and beeper
- Telephone charge made at a hotel or motel
- Facsimiles (fax), when not provided in the course of professional or advertising services
- Telex, telegram, and teletypewriter

Services not subject to tax

- Examples of services not subject to the tax include:
- Information services (these services may include electronic publishing, web-hosting services, or end user 900-number services)
- Internet access services, electronic mail services, electronic bulletin board services, or similar online computer services
- Sale or recharge of prepaid calling arrangements
- Pay telephone charges

Bundled Services: Generally, when taxable and nontaxable services or goods are bundled together and sold for one sales price, the entire charge is subject to tax. However, any portion of a charge for other services or goods that are not communications services (such as Internet access) are not subject to the tax, if the charge can be reasonably identified in your books and records. Please note that such charges may be subject to sales and use tax pursuant to Chapter 212, F.S. Also, charges for items described in s. 202.11(13)(a), F.S., are always subject to communications services tax.

Exemptions

Transactions exempt from the tax include:

- Sales for resale.
- · Sales to federal government agencies.
- · Sales to state, local, and municipal governments.
- Sales to religious and educational organizations, and homes for the aged that are currently exempt from federal income tax under section 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code.
- · Sales to holders of a direct pay permit for communications services.

Partial exemption for residential service

Communications services sold to a residential household are exempt from the 4.92 percent state portion and the .15 percent gross receipts portion of the tax. Residential service is subject to the 2.37 percent gross receipts tax and local tax. This partial exemption does not apply to the sale of mobile communications service, video service, direct-tohome satellite service, or any residence that constitutes all or part of a transient public lodging establishment as defined in Chapter 509, F.S.

Tax Rates

The rate for the state portion is 4.92 percent (.0492). The total rate for the gross receipts portion is 2.52 percent (.0252), which is composed of .15 percent (.0015) and 2.37 percent (.0237). The rate for direct-to-home satellite services is 11.44 percent (.1144). Each taxing jurisdiction (municipality, charter county, or unincorporated county) has a specific local tax rate. To verify current local tax rates, visit the Department's website at **floridarevenue.com/taxes/cst**.

When are returns due?

Returns are due on the 1st and late after the 20th day of the month following each reporting period. If the 20th falls on a Saturday, Sunday, or state or federal holiday, your return must be postmarked or hand delivered on the first business day following the 20th.

When is payment due?

To avoid penalty and interest, you must initiate electronic payments and receive a confirmation number no later than 5 p.m. ET on the business day prior to the 20th. Keep the confirmation number in your records. For a list of payment deadlines for initiating electronic payments on time, visit **floridarevenue.com/forms**, select the eServices section, and then select the current year *Florida eServices Calendar of Electronic Payment Deadlines* (Form DR-659).

Payments mailed to the Department are due on the 1st and late after the 20th day of the month following each reporting period. If the 20th falls on a Saturday, Sunday, or state or federal holiday, your return must be postmarked or hand delivered on the first business day following the 20th.

Where to send payments and returns

Make check payable to and send with return to: Florida Department of Revenue PO BOX 6520 TALLAHASSEE FL 32314-6520

You may electronically file and pay using the Department's website at **floridarevenue.com/taxes/filepay**.

Penalty for late payments

A 10 percent penalty is due for each 30-day period, or fraction thereof, that your return or payment is late. The maximum penalty is 50 percent of the total amount due. See chart on next page.

Late payments include additional tax due as a result of changes in situsing of previously reported sales from a local jurisdiction with a lower tax rate to a local jurisdiction with a higher tax rate, if the provider has not used an address database that meets the requirements of s. 202.22, F.S.

Days Late	Rate
1-30	10%
31-60	20%
61-90	30%
91-120	40%
over 120	50%

Interest on late payments

Interest is due on late payments and is accrued from the date tax is late until it is paid. A floating rate of interest applies to underpayments and late payments of tax. The rate is updated January 1 and July 1 of each year by using the formula established in s. 213.235, F.S. To obtain interest rates:

- Visit the Department's website at floridarevenue.com/taxes/rates.
- Call Taxpayer Services at 850-488-6800, Monday through Friday, excluding holidays.

If you change your business name, mailing address, or close or sell your business, immediately notify the Department. The quickest way to notify us is online at floridarevenue.com/taxes/updateaccount.

How can I get more information?

If you have questions about this form or the filing requirements for this tax, call Taxpayer Services at 850-488-6800, Monday through Friday, excluding holidays.

Completing the Return

Business partner number - This is a unique identifier assigned by the Department when you register. The business partner number appears on your *Communications Services Tax Certificate of Registration* (DR-700014). Please be sure that this number is recorded on the return and all schedules before submission.

Proper collection of tax - "Tax due" is not a straight percentage calculation using the "Taxable sales" columns of Schedule I. The tax rates are preprinted on the schedule as a convenience, but the amount of tax entered in the "tax due" columns should never be less than the actual amount of tax charged.

Supporting schedules - All supporting schedules are required to process the return. Failure to submit supporting schedules will delay the processing of the return and/or any refund that may be associated with the return. Florida law imposes a \$5,000 penalty if you fail to report and identify local communications services tax on the appropriate return schedule. Failure to include Schedule I or the use of an unapproved alternative format for Schedule I (such as a spreadsheet) will result in this penalty.

Signature - The return must be signed by a person who is authorized to sign on behalf of the dealer. Failure to include an authorized signature will delay the processing of the return and/or any refund that may be associated with the return.

Line-by-Line Instructions

Enter all demographic information requested on Page 1 of the return, if the return is not personalized.

Note: Complete Schedules I through V, if applicable, before completing Lines 1-12 of the return.

Line 1 - Tax due on sales subject to 4.92 percent state and .15 percent gross receipts portions of communications services tax. Enter the amount from Summary of Schedule I, Column F, Line 3 (Page 15).

Line 2 - Tax due on sales subject to 2.37 percent gross receipts portion of communications services tax. Enter the amount from Summary of Schedule I, Column G, Line 6 (Page 15).

Line 3 - Tax due for sales subject to local portion of communications services tax. Enter the amount from Summary of Schedule I, Column H, Line 7 (Page 15).

Line 4 - Tax due for direct-to-home satellite services. Enter total from Schedule II, Column C (Page 16).

Line 5 - Total communications services tax. Add Lines 1 through 4 and enter the result.

Line 6 - Collection allowance. If the collection allowance rate is not preprinted on the return, check the box for the collection allowance that applies to this filing period. Multiply the collection allowance rate by the amount on Line 5 and enter the result.

Determining the collection allowance:

- Only timely filed returns with payments are entitled to a collection allowance.
- If you submit a timely filed return and payment and use the Department of Revenue (DOR) database, a database certified by DOR, or a ZIP+4 database in compliance with s. 202.22, F.S., to situs customers you may apply a .75 percent (.0075) collection allowance.
- Direct-to-home satellite providers who file a timely return and payment may apply a .75 percent (.0075) collection allowance.
- If you file a timely return and payment and do not use the DOR database, a database certified by DOR, or a ZIP+4 database in compliance with s. 202.22, F.S., you must apply a .25 percent (.0025) collection allowance.
- Direct pay permit holders do not receive a collection allowance on amounts accrued but not collected from customers.

Line 7 - Net communications services tax due. Subtract Line 6 from Line 5 and enter the result.

Line 8 - Penalty. A 10 percent penalty is due for each 30-day period, or fraction thereof, that your return or payment is late. The maximum penalty is 50 percent of the amount due. Multiply Line 5 by the applicable penalty percentage and enter the result.

Line 9 - Interest. Interest is due on late payments, from the date tax is late until paid. A floating rate of interest applies to underpayments and late payments of tax. The rate is updated January 1 and July 1 of each year by using the formula established in s. 213.235, F.S. See "Interest on late payments" on Page 19 for more information. Multiply Line 5 by the applicable interest rate and enter the result.

Line 10 - Adjustments. Enter the Total Adjustments from Schedule III, Column G (Page 16) and/or the Total Adjustments from Schedule IV, Column U (Page 17). Enter negative numbers in parentheses (*amount*).

Line 11 - Multistate credits. Enter the Total Credits from Schedule V, Column H (Page 18).

Line 12 - Amount due with return. Add lines 7 through 9, add or subtract Line 10, subtract Line 11 and enter the result.

Signature. The return must be signed by a person who is authorized to sign on behalf of the provider. Failure to include an authorized signature on Page 1 of the return will delay the processing of the return and/or any refund that may be associated with the return.

Schedule I State, Gross Receipts, and Local Taxes Due

Who must complete this schedule?

Communications services providers, including cable service providers, direct pay permit holders, and mobile communications providers, must complete this schedule and send it with the tax return. (Direct-to-home satellite service providers should not complete Schedule I, but must complete Schedule II.) Florida law imposes a \$5,000 penalty if you fail to report and identify local communications services tax on the appropriate return schedule. Failure to include Schedule I or the use of an unapproved alternative format for Schedule I (such as a spreadsheet) will result in this penalty.

Important Notes about Schedule I:

- This Schedule must not contain any negative numbers.
- Eligible bad debt credits may be netted on this Schedule; however, the result must not be less than zero.
- This Schedule must not be used to report other credits or adjustments. Use Schedule IV to report other credits, make adjustments to prior periods, and take credit for tax paid on services that are resold.

Note on bad debts: Communications services providers may report credits for bad debts by netting the credit directly against communications services tax due on Schedule I, or may report credits for bad debts on Schedule IV. Providers using Schedule I may use a proportional allocation method based on current gross sales or other reasonable allocation method approved by the Department to determine the amount of bad debt attributable to the state or local jurisdiction. The credit must be taken within 12 months after the last day of the calendar year for which the bad debt was charged off on the federal return. Regardless of the method used to report bad debt credits, providers must keep records to support all credit amounts reported.

Schedule I, Columns A through E (Pages 3-14)

Column A - Local jurisdiction. You must report the amount of taxable sales and tax collected and/or accrued for each county and municipality in which you provide or use communications services.

Column B - Taxable sales subject to 4.92 percent state tax and .15 percent gross receipts tax. Enter total sales of all taxable communications services and/or all purchases subject to tax under a direct pay permit.

Note: Communications services sold to a residential household are exempt from the 4.92 percent state portion and the .15 percent gross receipts portions of the tax. This exemption does not apply to the sale of mobile communications service, cable service, direct-to-home satellite

service, or any residence that constitutes all or part of a transient public lodging establishment as defined in Chapter 509, F.S. Residential service is subject to the 2.37 percent gross receipts tax and local tax.

Column C - Taxable sales subject to 2.37 percent gross receipts

and local taxes. Enter total sales of all taxable communications services and/or all purchases subject to tax under a direct pay permit.

Column D - Local tax rates. A list of local rates by jurisdiction is preprinted. **Note:** Local rates can change. You may verify current rates at **floridarevenue.com/taxes/cst**.

Column E - Local tax due. Enter the total local tax collected and/or accrued for taxable transactions reported in Column C, on the line corresponding to the appropriate local jurisdiction.

Summary of Schedule I, Columns F-H (Page 15)

Column F - 4.92 percent state tax and .15 percent gross receipts tax.

Line 1 - Taxable sales. Enter the grand total from Schedule I, Column B.

Line 2 - State tax rate (.0492) and gross receipts tax rate (.0015). The state tax rate of .0507 is preprinted. This rate is comprised of both the 4.92 percent state portion and the .15 percent gross receipts portion.

Line 3 - State tax due. Enter the total 4.92 percent state tax plus the .15 percent gross receipts tax collected and/or accrued for sales reported on Summary of Schedule I, Column F, Line 1. Also enter the amount on Page 1, Line 1.

Column G - 2.37 percent gross receipts tax.

Line 4 - Taxable sales. Enter the grand total from Schedule I, Column C.

Line 5 - Gross receipts tax rate. The gross receipts tax rate of .0237 is preprinted.

Line 6 - Gross receipts tax due. Enter the gross receipts tax collected and/or accrued for sales reported on Summary of Schedule I, Column G, Line 4. Also enter the amount on Page 1, Line 2.

Column H - Local tax.

Line 7 - Local tax due. Enter the grand total from Schedule I, Column E. Also enter the amount on Page 1, Line 3.

Schedule II Direct-to-Home Satellite Services

Who must complete this schedule?

Direct-to-home satellite service providers must complete this schedule and send it with the tax return.

Important Notes about Schedule II:

- This Schedule must not contain any negative numbers.
- Eligible bad debt credits may be netted on this Schedule; however, the result must not be less than zero.
- This Schedule must not be used to report other credits or adjustments. Use Schedule III to report other credits, make adjustments to prior periods, and take credit for tax paid on services that are resold.

Note on bad debts: Direct-to-home satellite service providers may report credits for bad debts by netting the credit directly against communications services tax due on Schedule II, or may report credits for bad debts on Schedule III. Providers using Schedule II may use a proportional allocation method based on current gross sales or other reasonable allocation method approved by the Department to determine

the amount of bad debt. The credit must be taken within 12 months after the last day of the calendar year for which the bad debt was charged off on the federal return. Regardless of the method used to report bad debt credits, providers must keep records to support all credit amounts reported.

Column A - Taxable sales. Enter total taxable sales of direct-to-home satellite communications services.

Column B - Tax rate. The direct-to-home satellite services tax rate of .1144 is preprinted.

Column C - Net tax due. Enter the total communications services tax collected and/or accrued for taxable sales reported on Schedule II, Column A. Also enter the amount on Page 1, Line 4.

Schedule III Direct-to-Home Satellite Services Adjustments

Who must complete this schedule?

Direct-to-home satellite service providers must complete this schedule to report adjustments to previous filing periods.

Important notes about Schedule III:

- Complete a separate Schedule III for each applied period that you are adjusting.
- · Make photocopies of Schedule III as needed.
- The amount of credit claimed on Schedule III cannot exceed the amount of tax reported on Schedule II. If the credit claimed is greater than the tax collected, report the additional amount on a subsequent return.

Note on bad debts: Providers may choose to report bad debt credits on Schedule III instead of netting them on Schedule II. The credit amount should be reported as a reduction in taxable sales in Column A. The credit must be taken within 12 months after the last day of the calendar year for which the bad debt was charged off on the federal return. Providers must keep records to support all credit amounts reported.

Column A - Change in reported taxable sales. Enter the net change in taxable sales. This is the total of the taxable sales which are either being added to or deleted from transactions previously reported. Report negative amounts in parentheses (*amount*).

Column B - Rate. Enter the appropriate rate for the applied period that you are adjusting.

Column C - Collection allowance adjustment. Collection allowance adjustments are required for all transactions that result in a **decrease** in taxable sales. If Column A (Change in reported taxable sales) is a decrease (negative number), multiply .0075 by the amount of tax collected and/or accrued on the amount in Column A. The result should be entered as a positive number in Column C. If a collection allowance was not taken on the original return or the adjustment results in an **increase** in taxable sales, this section does not apply. Enter 0 (zero) in Column C.

Column D - Adjustment amount. Subtract Column C from the amount of tax collected and/or accrued for sales transactions reported in Column A. Enter the result. Report negative amounts in parentheses (*amount*).

Penalty and Interest Calculation

Penalty and interest are due on all adjustments which result in an increase in tax due.

Column E - Penalty. See "Penalty for late payments" on Page 19 for information on calculating the penalty due.

Column F - Interest. See "Interest on late payments" on Page 19 for information on calculating the interest due.

Column G - Total adjustments. Sum the totals of Columns D, E, and F. Enter the result in Column G and on Page 1, Line 10.

Schedule IV Adjustments

Who must complete this schedule?

Communications services providers (except direct-to-home satellite service providers) must use this schedule to:

- Report corrections or adjustments to previous reporting periods. This schedule must be used to correct state or local tax situsing errors (revenue reported in the wrong jurisdiction) and to adjust amounts reported incorrectly on previous returns.
- · Report adjustments in taxable sales due to credits.
- Take credit for tax paid to a vendor on services that have been resold.

Important notes about Schedule IV:

- Complete a separate Schedule IV for each applied period that you are adjusting.
- · Make photocopies of Schedule IV as needed.
- The amount of credit claimed on Schedule IV cannot exceed the amount of tax reported on Schedule I. If the credit claimed is greater than the tax collected, report the additional amount on a subsequent return.

Note on bad debts: Providers may choose to report bad debt credits on Schedule IV instead of netting them on Schedule I. The credit amount should be reported as a reduction in taxable sales in Column B. The credit must be taken within 12 months after the last day of the calendar year for which the bad debt was charged off on the federal return. Providers must keep records to support all credit amounts reported.

Column A - Local jurisdiction. Enter the names of the jurisdiction(s) for which you have adjustments. Attach additional sheets as needed.

State Tax Calculation

Column B - Change in reported taxable sales. Enter the net change in taxable sales on the line corresponding to the appropriate county jurisdiction(s). The net change in taxable sales may include a reduction for eligible bad debts. Report negative amounts in parentheses (*amount*).

Column C - Rate. Enter the appropriate rate for the applied period you are adjusting. For periods July 2015 and later, the state rate is 5.07 percent, which is a combination of the 4.92 percent state portion and the .15 percent gross receipts portion.

Column D - Collection allowance adjustment. Collection allowance adjustments for state tax are required for transactions that result in a **decrease** in taxable sales for a prior applied period. If the original filing was not eligible for a collection allowance, or if this schedule is being used to report an **increase** in taxable sales for a prior applied period or

a change in jurisdiction only (no change in taxable sales), this section does not apply. Enter 0 (zero) in Column D.

If Column B (change in reported taxable sales) is a **decrease** (negative number), the collection allowance must be recouped by one of the following methods. The result should be entered as a positive number in Column D.

- If you are using the DOR database, a database certified by DOR, or a ZIP+4 database in compliance with s. 202.22, F.S., multiply .0075 by the tax collected and/or accrued for sales being decreased in Column B.
- If you are not using the DOR database, a database certified by DOR, or a ZIP+4 database in compliance with s. 202.22, F.S., multiply .0025 by the tax collected and/or accrued for sales being decreased in Column B.

Column E - Adjustment amount. Subtract Column D from the tax collected and/or accrued for the sales reported in Column B, and enter the result.

Local Tax Calculation

Column F - Change in reported taxable sales. Enter the net change in taxable sales for the appropriate jurisdiction(s). The net change in taxable sales may include a reduction for eligible debts. Report negative amounts in parentheses (amount).

When changes in taxable sales are due to situsing or reporting errors and tax has not been refunded to the customer, use the following calculations to determine the change in taxable sales.

If you are using the DOR database, a database certified by DOR, or a ZIP+4 database in compliance with s. 202.22, F.S., adjustments to taxable sales should be made by reallocating the original local tax due amount reported in the wrong jurisdiction to the correct jurisdiction. The tax should be reallocated regardless of the tax rate originally used or the tax rate of the correct jurisdiction. Taxable sales amounts should be calculated by dividing the tax amount by the tax rate for each affected jurisdiction.

Example 1: \$1,113.09 in local tax due was originally reported in Jurisdiction A (tax rate 1.10 percent), but should have been reported in Jurisdiction B (tax rate 2.10 percent). Calculate the change (decrease) in taxable sales for Jurisdiction A by dividing the tax due originally reported in Jurisdiction A by its current tax rate. (EX: \$1,113.09 divided by .0110 = \$101,190.00). Report the decrease in parentheses. Calculate the change (increase) in taxable sales to Jurisdiction B by dividing the tax due originally reported in Jurisdiction A by the current tax rate for Jurisdiction B. (EX: \$1,113.09 divided by .0210 = \$53,004.29).

Example 2: \$1,113.09 in local tax due was originally reported in Jurisdiction B (tax rate 2.10 percent), but should have been reported in Jurisdiction A (tax rate 1.10 percent). Calculate the change (decrease) in taxable sales for Jurisdiction B by dividing the tax due originally reported in Jurisdiction B by its current tax rate. (EX: \$1,113.09 divided by .0210 = \$53,004.29). Report the decrease in parentheses. Calculate the change (increase) in taxable sales to Jurisdiction A by dividing the tax due originally reported in Jurisdiction B by its current tax rate. (EX: \$1,113.09 divided by .0210 = \$101,190.00).

If you are using a database that does not meet the requirements of s. 202.22, F.S., you should identify the taxable sales and local tax due amounts to be reallocated, the tax rates for the jurisdictions where the tax was originally reported (incorrect jurisdiction), and where the tax should be reported (correct jurisdiction).

If the correct jurisdiction has a higher tax rate, the original taxable sales amount will be used to claim a credit in the incorrect jurisdiction. This same taxable sales amount will be used in the correct jurisdiction to calculate tax due. When multiplied by the tax rates, a higher local tax due amount in the correct jurisdiction will result. Note that additional local tax resulting from the transfer to a jurisdiction with a higher tax rate will be due, along with penalty and interest. See "Penalty and Interest Calculation."

Example 3: \$101,190.00 in taxable sales was originally reported in Jurisdiction A (tax rate 1.10 percent) but should have been reported in Jurisdiction B (tax rate 2.10 percent). Report the change (decrease) in taxable sales (\$101,190.00) in Jurisdiction A and the tax rate (1.10 percent) in the appropriate columns. Report the decrease in parentheses. Report the change (increase) in taxable sales (\$101,190.00) in Jurisdiction B and the tax rate (2.10 percent) in the appropriate columns. The additional tax will be due, along with penalty and interest.

If the rate of the correct jurisdiction is the same as or lower than the original (incorrect) jurisdiction, the tax due amount reported should be used to claim a credit in the original (incorrect) jurisdiction and this same tax due amount reported in the correct jurisdiction. Taxable sales amounts should be calculated by dividing the tax amount by the tax rate for each affected jurisdiction. When tax is transferred to a jurisdiction with a lower rate, calculated taxable sales will not match actual sales to customers but will provide the information needed to correct the allocation of tax reported.

Example 4: \$1,113.09 in local tax due was originally reported in Jurisdiction B (tax rate 2.10 percent), but should have been reported in Jurisdiction A (tax rate 1.10 percent). Calculate the change (decrease) in taxable sales for Jurisdiction B by dividing the tax due originally reported in Jurisdiction B by its current tax rate. (EX: \$1,113.09 divided by .0210 = \$53,004.29). Report the decrease in parentheses. Calculate the change (increase) in taxable sales to Jurisdiction A by dividing the tax due originally reported in Jurisdiction B by the current tax rate for Jurisdiction A (EX: \$1,113.09 divided by .0110 = \$101,190.00).

Column G - Rate. Enter the appropriate local rate for the applied period you are adjusting.

Column H - Collection allowance adjustment. Collection allowance adjustments are required for all transfers of tax between jurisdictions and any transactions that result in a **decrease** in taxable sales for a prior applied period. If the original filing was not eligible for a collection allowance or if this schedule is being used to report only an **increase** in taxable sales for a prior applied period, this section does not apply. Enter 0 (zero) in Column H.

When a jurisdictional transfer results in a transfer to a jurisdiction with the same or higher tax rate, the collection allowance adjustment must be capped at the amount claimed on the original return (i.e., no additional collection allowance will be granted on additional tax due as a result of the transfer).

If Column F (Change in reported taxable sales) is a **decrease** (negative number), the collection allowance must be recouped by one of the following methods. The result should be entered as a positive number in Column H.

 If you are using the DOR database, a database certified by DOR, or a ZIP+4 database in compliance with s. 202.22, F.S., multiply .0075 by the tax collected and/or accrued for sales being decreased in Column F.

If you are not using the DOR database, a database certified by DOR, or a ZIP+4 database in compliance with s. 202.22, F.S., multiply .0025 by the tax collected and/or accrued for sales being decreased in Column F.

Column I - Adjustment amount. Subtract Column H from the tax collected and/or accrued for the sales reported in Column F, and enter the result. Report negative amounts in parentheses (*amount*).

Penalty and Interest Calculation

Penalty and interest are due on all adjustments which result in additional tax due, except corrections of state or local tax situsing errors (revenue reported in the wrong jurisdiction). If you are using the DOR database, a database certified by DOR, or a ZIP+4 database in compliance with s. 202.22, F.S., you will be held harmless for tax, penalty, and interest that would have accrued otherwise as a result of the additional tax due on transfers between jurisdictions. If you do not use a database as specified in the previous sentence you will not be held harmless and the additional tax due from the transfer to the jurisdiction with the higher tax rate will be due, along with penalty and interest.

Column J - Penalty. See "Penalty for late payments" on Page 19 for information on calculating the penalty due.

Column K - Interest. See "Interest on late payments" on Page 19 for information on calculating the interest due.

Gross Receipts Calculation

Column L - Change in reported taxable sales. Enter the net change in taxable sales. The net change in taxable sales may include a reduction for eligible bad debts. Report negative amounts in parentheses (*amount*).

Column M - Rate. Enter the 2.37 percent gross receipts rate.

Column N - Collection allowance adjustment. Collection allowance adjustments are required for all transactions that result in a decrease in taxable sales. If the original filing was not eligible for a collection allowance or if this schedule is being used to report only an increase in taxable sales for a prior applied period, this section does not apply. Enter 0 (zero) in Column N.

If Column F (change in reported taxable sales), is a **decrease** (negative number), the collection allowance must be recouped by one of the following methods. The result should be entered as a positive number in Column N.

- If you are using the DOR database, a database certified by DOR, or a ZIP+4 database in compliance with s. 202.22, F.S., multiply .0075 by the tax collected and/or accrued for sales being decreased in Column F.
- If you are not using the DOR database, a database certified by DOR, or a ZIP+4 database in compliance with s. 202.22, F.S., multiply .0025 by the tax collected and/or accrued for sales being decreased in Column F.

Column O - Adjustment amount. Subtract Column N from the tax accrued on the transactions reported in Column L and enter the result. Report negative amounts in parentheses (*amount*).

Column P - Penalty. See "Penalty for late payments" on Page 19 for information on calculating the penalty due.

Column Q - Interest. See "Interest on late payments" on Page 19 for information on calculating the interest due.

Column R - Net tax adjustments. Add the totals of Columns E, I, and O and enter the result. Report negative amounts in parentheses (*amount*).

Column S - Penalty. Add the totals of Columns J and P and enter the result.

Column T - Interest. Add the totals of Columns K and Q and enter the result.

Column U - Total adjustments. Add Columns R, S, and T and enter the result in Column U and on Page 1, Line 10 of the return. Report negative amounts in parentheses (*amount*).

Schedule V Multistate Credits

Who may complete this schedule?

Upon proof that you have paid a communications services tax legally imposed on a provider by another state or local jurisdiction, you may take a credit against the Florida communications services tax imposed on the provider for the same services not to exceed your Florida tax liability in the relevant local jurisdiction for the current filing period. Any credit amount exceeding the current month's tax liability must be claimed on a subsequent return. Complete Columns A through F. Direct-to-home satellite service providers must complete only Column G.

Note: Proof of communications services tax legally imposed on the provider by another state must be submitted at the time the credit is claimed. Copies of supporting documents must be included with your return or faxed to 850-410-2816, attention CST Return Reconciliation. Failure to submit proof will result in the denial of the credit claimed.

Column A - Local jurisdiction. Enter the county(ies) or municipality(ies) for which multistate credits apply.

Columns B and C - Applied period. Enter the month, day, and year for the beginning and ending dates of the original filing period for which the credit applies in the row corresponding to the appropriate local jurisdiction(s). Separate entries are required for each applied period.

Local Tax Credits

Column D - Multistate credits. Enter the amount of the eligible multistate credit in each jurisdiction. Report negative amounts in parentheses (*amount*).

State Tax Credits

Column E - Multistate credits. Enter the amount of the eligible multistate credits in each county. Report negative amounts in parentheses (*amount*).

Gross Receipts Credits

Column F - Multistate credits. Enter the amount of the eligible multistate credit. Report negative amounts in parentheses (*amount*).

Direct-to-Home Satellite

Column G - Multistate credits. Enter the amount of the eligible multistate credit. Report negative amounts in parentheses (*amount*).

Column H - Total credits. Add the totals of Columns D through G and enter the result in Column H and on Page 1, Line 11.